



How (not) to do robust API Authorization

By Szymon Drosdzol

Self-intro

- My name is Szymon Drosdzol
- I'm a senior security engineer @  DOYENSEC
- We do white box security reviews of web apps
- Contact me at:
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Agenda

- Introduction
- Simple example
- Architecture anti-patterns
- Good architecture
- Hardening
- QA

Introduction

- Broken access control is number 1 OWASP Top 10
- Found universally in almost every codebase
- There will never be a silver bullet for that class of vulnerabilities
- Therefore, **architecture is everything**

Couple of disclaimers

- All shown vulnerabilities were found in production code
- The impact varied from medium to critical
- All bugs were anonymized
 - No company's names, sorry!
 - All endpoints names converted into a simple project management API
- This presentation tries to be technology-agnostic

Is this a good architecture?

```
class CompanyController(APIView):  
  
    def get(self, req: Request) -> Response:  
  
        company_id = req.data.get("company_id", None)  
  
        is_admin = self._user.role == "admin"  
        if is_admin:  
            if (company_id not in self._user.company_ids):  
                raise PermissionDenied()  
  
        return Response(company_service.fetch_company(company_id))
```

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    def get(self, req: Request) -> Response:  
        company_id = req.data.get("company_id", None)  
        return Response(company_service.fetch_company(company_id))
```


Systemic Problems

- Does not provide any framework to developers
- Far from self-documenting
- Becomes unreadable quickly
- Hard to maintain
- Hard (or impossible) to catch bugs with SAST
- Fail-Open



What are the other options?

And what can go wrong?

Seemingly innocent code

```
def jsonify(to_dump: Any, include_pii: bool = False) -> Response:
    # irrelevant code
    # LAST LINE OF DEFENCE TO NOT JUMP CUSTOMERS
    if hasattr(to_dump, 'customer_uuid'):
        if not to_dump.customer_uuid == g.user.customer_uuid:
            raise exceptions.AuthorizationError()
```

Seemingly innocent code

```
def jsonify(to_dump: Any, include_pii: bool = False) -> Response:
    # irrelevant code
    # LAST LINE OF DEFENCE TO NOT JUMP CUSTOMERS
    if hasattr(to_dump, 'customer_uuid'):
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    if hasattr(to_dump, 'customer_uuid'):
        if not to_dump.customer_uuid == g.user.customer_uuid:
            raise exceptions.AuthorizationError()
```

Seemingly innocent code

```
class CustomerOwned:
    #irrelevant code

    @declared_attr
    def customer_uuid(cls):
        return Column(
            UUID(as_uuid=True),
            ForeignKey('customers.uuid'),
            nullable=False,
        )

class UserModel(CustomerOwned):
    # properties
```

Seemingly innocent code

```
class CustomerOwned:
    #irrelevant code

    @declared_attr
    def customer_uuid(cls):
        return Column(
            UUID(as_uuid=True),
            ForeignKey('customers.uuid'),
            nullable=False,
        )

class UserModel(CustomerOwned):
    # properties

class IdentityModel:
    # properties
```


Email leak

GET /api/v1/identities?limit=1000 HTTP/2

Response:

```
{
  "records": [
    {
      "uuid": "d29255a1-5e61-4384-83d6-204d810223ad",
      "created_at": "2021-06-25T18:47:21.023150Z",
      "updated_at": "2021-06-25T18:47:21.023150Z",
      "email": "anon@acme.com",
      "email_verified": true,
    },
    {
      "uuid": "d29255a1-5e61-4384-83d6-204d810223ad",
      "created_at": "2021-06-25T18:47:21.023150Z",
      "updated_at": "2021-06-25T18:47:21.023150Z",
      "email": "anon@acme2.com",
      "email_verified": true,
    },
    ...
  ]
}
```



Session Takeover

GET /api/v1/identities?limit=1000&relationships=tokens HTTP/2

Response:

```
{
  "records": [
    {
      "uuid": "d29255a1-5e61-4384-83d6-204d810223ad",
      "created_at": "2021-06-25T18:47:21.023150Z",
      "updated_at": "2021-06-25T18:47:21.023150Z",
      "email": "anon@acme.com",
      "email_verified": true,
      "account_status": null,
      "tokens": [
        {
          "client_id": "REDACTED_BY_DOYENSEC",
          "token_type": "Bearer",
          "refresh_token": null,
          "revoked": false,
          "issued_at": 1624994285,
          "expires_in": 604800,
          "uuid": "REDACTED",
          "oauth2_identity_uuid": "REDACTED_BY_DOYENSEC",
          "access_token": "REDACTED_BY_DOYENSEC"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

//snipped for brevity



Impact

- **One request to take over all sessions in the system**
- Disclosure of all account owners' emails

Simple Fix?

```
class CustomerOwned:
    #irrelevant code

    @declared_attr
    def customer_uuid(cls):
        return Column(
            UUID(as_uuid=True),
            ForeignKey('customers.uuid'),
            nullable=False,
        )

class UserModel(CustomerOwned):
    # properties

class IdentityModel(CustomerOwned):
    # properties
```

Systemic Problems

- Fail-Open Ownership Check
- Close coupling of API with backend data model
 - Lack of data transport objects (DTOs)
 - Generic mechanisms allowing to “explore” the data model

Fail-Open Mechanisms

```
DOMAINS_ADMIN = Capability(  
    'project_write',  
    [  
        ProtectedRoute('DELETE', '/{v}/projects/{project}'),  
        ProtectedRoute('DELETE', '/{v}/projects/{project}/{user}'),  
        ProtectedRoute('POST', '/v4/projects'),  
        ProtectedRoute('PUT', '/v4/projects/{project}'),  
        ProtectedRoute('PUT', '/{v}/projects/{project}/describe'),  
        ...  
    ],  
)
```



```
'project_write',
[
    ProtectedBox(

```

$$) \quad] ,$$

```
'project_read',
[
    ProtectedD
```

) 1,

```
'project_read',
[
    ProtectedP
```

)]

Impact

- Over 50 vulnerable endpoints
- Mostly mundane, but:
 - Privilege escalation possible
 - Logs stealing possible
 - Domain specific admin actions possible

Systemic Problems

- Forgotten endpoints don't execute privilege check
- Hard to maintain
- Lack of a solid framework for developers

Old Endpoints

```
class AccountV2List(APIView):
    @required_access(access=LEVEL.ADMIN)
    def get(
        self, request, request_context: RequestContext, account_id,
        format=None
    ):
        return
        ProjectV2Service.get_by_account_id(
            request_context, , int(account_id)
        )
    )
```

Old Endpoints

```
class AccountV2List(APIView):  
    @required_access(access=LEVEL.ADMIN)  
    def get(  
        self, request, request_context: RequestContext, account_id,  
format=None  
    ):  
        return  
        ProjectV2Service.get_by_account_id(  
            request_context, , int(account_id)  
        )  
    )
```

Old Endpoints

```
class AccountV1List(APIView):
    def get(
        self, request, request_context: RequestContext, account_id,
        format=None
    ):
        return
        ProjectV1Service.get_by_account_id(
            request_context, int(account_id)
        )
    )
```

Impact

- Low-privilege users can list all tenant users
 - With emails
- Privilege escalation
 - Edit invitations' roles
- Therefore, a guest can take over the tenant

Systemic problems

- Multiple ways of doing the same thing
- Lack of universal privilege execution mechanism
- Probably missing regular housekeeping

Inconsistent Design

```
class UserView(ProxyView):  
    http_method_names: Tuple[str, ...] = ("post",)  
    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] = (AllowAny,)  
  
class UserView(APIView):  
    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] = (  
        IsAuthenticated,    )  
    required_permission: str = "retrieve"
```


Inconsistent Design

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class UserView(ProxyView):  
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    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] = (  
        IsAuthenticated, )  
    required_permission: str = "retrieve"
```

Inconsistent Design

```
class ProjectView(ProxyView):  
    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] = (  
        IsAuthenticated,  
        AllowedRolesPermission,  
    )  
    allowed_roles: Tuple[str, ...] = ("root",)
```

```
class ProjectView(ApiView):  
    http_method_names: Tuple[str, ...] = ("get", "post")  
    queryset = QuarterComment.objects  
    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] =  
(IsAuthenticated,)
```

Inconsistent Design

```
class ProjectView(ApiView):  
    http_method_names: Tuple[str, ...] = ("get", "post")  
    queryset = QuarterComment.objects  
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(IsAuthenticated,)
```



It's only a matter of time

```
class ReportExport(ProxyView):  
    http_method_names: Tuple[str, ...] = ("get",)  
    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] = (AllowAny,)
```

```
class ReportExport(ApiView):  
    http_method_names: Tuple[str, ...] = ("get")  
    queryset = QuarterComment.objects  
    permission_classes: Tuple[BasePermission, ...] =  
(IsAuthenticated,)
```

Impact

- Numerous domain data revealed to low-privilege users
- Possible cross-tenant leaks
 - Impact limited by using GUIDs to identify objects

Systemic Problems

- Multiple ways of doing the same thing
- Unclear privilege model
 - Role-based vs privilege-based
- Inconsistent authorization enforcement location

Path Traversal

```
routes.get('/ip-location', async (req, res, next) => {  
  try {  
    const response = await req.apiServiceClient.get(  
      `/v2/employees/location/${req.query.ip}`  
    );  
    forwardResponse(res, response);  
  } catch (e) {  
    next(e);  
  }  
});
```


Path Traversal

```
# Req.query.ip = '192.168.0.1'

routes.get('/ip-location', async (req, res, next) => {
  try {
    const response = await req.apiServiceClient.get(
      `/v2/employees/location/192.168.0.1`
    );
    forwardResponse(res, response);
  } catch (e) {
    next(e);
  }
});
```

Path Traversal

```
# Req.query.ip = '../'
```

```
routes.get('/ip-location', async (req, res, next) => {  
  try {  
    const response = await req.apiServiceClient.get(  
      `/v2/employees/location/../../../../`  
    );  
    forwardResponse(res, response);  
  } catch (e) {  
    next(e);  
  }  
});
```

Path Traversal

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# Req.query.ip = '../'
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```
routes.get('/ip-location', async (req, res, next) => {  
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    const response = await req.apiServiceClient.get(  
      '/v2/employees/'  
    );  
    forwardResponse(res, response);  
  } catch (e) {  
    next(e);  
  }  
});
```

Path Traversal

```
GET /ip-location?ip=../  
Host: acme.com
```

```
[  
  {  
    "id": "u123456",  
    "username": "janedoe",  
    "email": "janedoe@example.com",  
    "fullName": "Jane Doe",  
    "createdAt": "2024-01-15T10:30:00Z",  
    "lastLogin": "2025-04-17T14:20:00Z",  
    "roles": ["user", "editor"],  
    "isActive": true  
  },  
  ...  
]
```

Path Traversal Impact

- A simple utility endpoint becomes a gateway to any backend path
- Cross-tenant user disclosure

Systemic Problems

- Lack of incoming data validation
- Lack of defined outgoing data models
- Lack of authorization in the internal service

Parameter Pollution

```
@api_v1.route('/task/add', methods=['POST'])
@api_authenticated(require_at_least=AccessLevel.USER)
@params_filter(required=['project_id', 'note'])
@api_authorized(can_manage=['project_id'])
def api_v1_task_add():
    project_id = request.values.get('project_id')
    note = request.values.get('note')
    project_service.add_task(project_id, note)
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    project_id = request.values.get('project_id')
    note = request.values.get('note')
    project_service.add_task(project_id, note)

def api_authorized(f=None, **wrapped_kwargs):
    for param in can_manage:
        obj_id = get_field(request, param, None)
        if not obj_id:
            abort(404)

    if not current_user.can_manage_obj(obj_id):
        return False
```

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        return False
```

Parameter Pollution

```
def get_request_values(request):  
    """  
    Unify all request `args` and `form` fields.  
    Note: flask `request.values` only gets args on `"GET"` requests  
    and not `.form`  
    Args:  
        request (flask.Request): flask request object.  
    Returns:  
        dict: All request fields.  
    """  
    params = {  
        k:v for k, v in  
            list(request.args.items()) +  
            list(request.values.items()) +  
            list(request.form.items())  
    }  
    return params
```

Parameter Pollution

```
def get_request_values(request):
```

```
    """
```

```
    Unify all request `args` and `form` fields.
```

```
    Note: flask `request.values` only gets args on `"GET"` requests  
    and not `.form`
```

```
    Args:
```

```
        request (flask.Request): flask request object.
```

```
    Returns:
```

```
        dict: All request fields.
```

```
    """
```

```
    params = {
```

```
        k:v for k, v in
```

```
        list(request.args.items()) +
```

```
        list(request.values.items()) +
```

```
        list(request.form.items())
```

```
    }
```

```
    return params
```


Parameter Pollution

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    """  
    Unify all request `args` and `form` fields.  
    Note: flask `request.values` only gets args on `"GET"` requests  
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    Args:  
        request (flask.Request): flask request object.  
    Returns:  
        dict: All request fields.  
    """  
    params = {  
        k:v for k, v in  
        list(request.args.items()) +  
        list(request.values.items()) +  
        list(request.form.items())  
    }  
    return params
```

Parameter Pollution

```
POST /task/add HTTP/1.1
Host: acme.com
Connection: close
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 0
```

```
{
  "project_id": 456,
  "note": "lorem ipsum"
}
```

Parameter Pollution

```
@api_v1.route('/task/add', methods=['POST'])
@api_authenticated(require_at_least=AccessLevel.USER)
@params_filter(required=['project_id', 'note'])
@api_authorized(can_manage=['project_id'])
def api_v1_task_add():
    project_id = request.values.get('project_id') 456
    note = request.values.get('note')
    project_service.add_task(project_id, note)

def api_authorized(f=None, **wrapped_kwargs):
    for param in can_manage:
        obj_id = get_field(request, param, None). 456
        if not obj_id:
            abort(404)

    if not current_user.can_manage_obj(obj_id): 456
        return False
```

Parameter Pollution

POST /task/add?project_id=123 HTTP/1.1

Host: acme.com

Connection: close

Content-Type: application/json

Content-Length: 0

```
{  
  "project_id": 456,  
  "note": "h@ck3d"  
}
```

Parameter Pollution

```
@api_v1.route('/task/add', methods=['POST'])
@api_authenticated(require_at_least=AccessLevel.USER)
@params_filter(required=['project_id', 'note'])
@api_authorized(can_manage=['project_id'])
def api_v1_task_add():
    project_id = request.values.get('project_id') 123
    note = request.values.get('note')
    project_service.add_task(project_id, note)

def api_authorized(f=None, **wrapped_kwargs):
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        if not obj_id:
            abort(404)

    if not current_user.can_manage_obj(obj_id): 456
        return False
```

Parameter Pollution

```
@api_v1.route('/task/add', methods=['POST'])
@api_authenticated(require_at_least=AccessLevel.USER)
@params_filter(required=['project_id', 'note'])
@api_authorized(can_manage=['project_id'])
def api_v1_task_add():
    project_id = request.values.get('project_id') 123
    note = request.values.get('note')
    project_service.add_task(project_id, note)

def api_authorized(f=None, **wrapped_kwargs):
    for param in can_manage:
        obj_id = get_field(request, param, None). 456
        if not obj_id:
            abort(404)

    if not current_user.can_manage_obj(obj_id): 456
        return False
```

Systemic Problems

- Overly generic parameter retrieval
- Multiple ways of accessing the object_id
- Predictable object IDs

Good Architecture

- Self-documenting
- Fail-Closed
- Single way of doing things
- Ensures that authorization rules are global
- Does not require devs to remember stuff
- Tenant isolation at data layer

Hardening

- Only return necessary data
- Validate input data. Enforce data types
- Enforce authorization in all (micro)services
- Return invitation codes, API keys only on creation
- Do not mix super-admin services with regular clients

What to do with limited time?

- Refactor the most impactful endpoints
- Utilize custom rules scanners (I love Semgrep)

```
rules:  
- id: empty_authentication_classes  
  patterns:  
    - pattern: router.$VERB($NAME, ...)  
    - pattern-not: router.$VERB($NAME, ..., auth, ...)  
  message: auth is not called for $VERB $NAME  
  languages: [javascript]  
  severity: WARNING
```

- Utilize the custom rules in CI/CD and create a control to improve over time
- Migrate to GUIDs as opposed to integer ids

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Thanks!